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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/081,794 02/21/2002		Peter J. Fritz	54666US006	4815	
32692	7590 04/07/2006		EXAMINER		
3M INNOVATIVE PROPERTIES COMPANY			ELEY, TIMOTHY V		
PO BOX 33427 ST. PAUL, MN 55133-3427			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3724		
			DATE MAILED: 04/07/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<del>-</del>		Ap	olication No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10.	/081,794	FRITZ ET AL.					
		Exa	miner	Art Unit					
			othy V. Eley	3724					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD F EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M as of time may be available under the provision (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com iod for reply is specified above, the maximum is reply within the set or extended period for repl received by the Office later than three months atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE of sof 37 CFR 1.136(a). munication. tatutory period will apply will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUNIC In no event, however, may a re ly and will expire SIX (6) MON the application to become AB	CATION.  apply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this of the ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
2a)∐ Th 3)∐ Sii	esponsive to communication(s) file is action is <b>FINAL</b> . Ince this application is in condition used in accordance with the pract	2b)⊠ This action for allowance e	on is non-final. except for formal matte	• •	e merits is				
Disposition	of Claims								
4a) 5)	aim(s) 31-56 is/are pending in the Of the above claim(s) 33,34,41,4 aim(s) is/are allowed.  aim(s) 31,32,35-40,43-48,52-54 aim(s) is/are objected to.  aim(s) is/are objected to eaim(s) are subject to restrict Papers  a specification is objected to by the drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to eath or declaration is objected to eath or declaration eather	and 56 is/are rejection and/or election and/or election and/or election to the drawing the correction is	ected.  It or b) objected to be the discount of the discount of the drawing of th	by the Examiner. ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 C	` '				
		o by the Examin	er. Note the attached	Office Action of form P	10-152.				
12) Acl a) 1.[ 1.[ 2.[ 3.[	Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority	documents hav documents hav of the priority do onal Bureau (PC	re been received. re been received in Apocuments have been T Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National	l Stage				
2)  Notice of 3)  Information	References Cited (PTO-892) Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fon Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or (s)/Mail Date	•	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PT 	O-152)				

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### DETAILED ACTION

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 31,32,35-40,43-48,52-54, and 56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson et al(3,562,968) et al in view of Peterson(4,551,189).
  - Johnson et al discloses a method for attaching a planar surface of a fastener(40) to a surface conditioning member(30) using an adhesive between a planar surface of the fastener and the surface conditioning member. See figures 1 and 2, column 2, lines 39-49, and claim 2.
  - Johnson et al does not disclose that the fastener is attached to the member by inducing relative rotation between the fastener and the surface conditioning member with a layer of thermoplastic adhesive in contact with the planar surface of the fastener and the surface adhesive to conditioning member so as to soften the layer of form a bond between the fastener and the surface conditioning member; and thereafter stopping the relative rotation between the fastener and the surface conditioning member.
  - However, Peterson discloses a method of attaching a planar surface(see figure 4) of a fastener to a member by inducing relative rotation between the fastener and the member with a

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layer of thermoplastic adhesive (50) in contact with a planar surface of the fastener and the member so as to soften the layer of thermoplastic adhesive to form a bond between the fastener and the member; and b) thereafter stopping the relative rotation between the fastener and the member. See figures 1 and 4, column 3, lines 12-end to column 4, lines 1-8.

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- Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the method of Johnson et al by inducing relative rotation between the planar surface of the fastener and the surface conditioning member with a layer of thermoplastic adhesive in contact with the planar surface of the fastener and the surface conditioning member so as to soften the layer of thermoplastic adhesive to form a bond between the fastener and the surface conditioning member; and thereafter stopping the relative rotation between the fastener and the surface conditioning member in order to provide a more secure connection between the fastener and the surface conditioning member as taught by Peterson.
- Regarding claims 32 and 54, applicant's broad recitation of a "sheet" of adhesive is clearly met by Johnson et al as modified.
- Regarding claims 36 and 37, the surface conditioning member comprises a coated abrasive. See claim 6.

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• Regarding claim 38, Johnson et al disclose that the working surface comprises a cloth(33, see column 2, lines 43-43) but does not state that the cloth is non-woven. However, to use a woven or non-woven cloth would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made. Furthermore, claim 38, as recited, can be met by the abrasive layer, which forms non-woven surface.

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- Regarding claims 39 and 40, the fastener comprises nylon. See column 2, lines 46 and 47.
- Regarding claims 41 and 43, the layer of adhesive, as modified, comprises a thermosettable thermoplastic adhesive. See column 3, lines 12-end to column 4, lines 1-8 of Peterson.
- Regarding claim 45, the fastener includes a generally planar
  base(41) and a drive member(42), wherein the planar base, as
  modified, includes the planar surface and a second surface
  opposite the planar surface, and wherein the drive member extends
  from the second surface of the planar base.
- Regarding claims 46 and 47, the exact relative rotation, and the exact compressive force would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made since such would depend upon numerous factors, i.e., the exact material and amount of the adhesive and/or the fastener, the shape of the adhesive, etc.

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Regarding claim 48, Peterson discloses that fusion occurs at the
interface between the fastener and the substrate(see column 4,
lines 1-8), and thus inherently implies that the planar surface
of the fastener softens and bonds with the surface conditioning
member.

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- Regarding claim 52, Johnson et al, as modified, discloses a surface treating article, prepared according to the method of claim 31.
- Regarding claim 53, as broadly recited, the planar surface of the fastener is substantially parallel to the surface conditioning member.
- Regarding claim 54, the sheet of adhesive is placed between the fastener and the surface conditioning member prior to the inducing relative rotation step.
- Regarding claim 56, whether an outer portion of the fastener is bonded more firmly to the surface conditioning member than a central portion thereof would have been an obvious matter of choice and structure to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made since clearly it would be preferred to bond tighter at the outer portion, since it would render it tougher to peel the surface conditioning member from the fastener.

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### Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy V. Eley whose telephone number is 571-272-4506. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Allan N. Shoap can be reached on 571-272-4514. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Timothy V Eley Primary Examiner Art Unit 3724